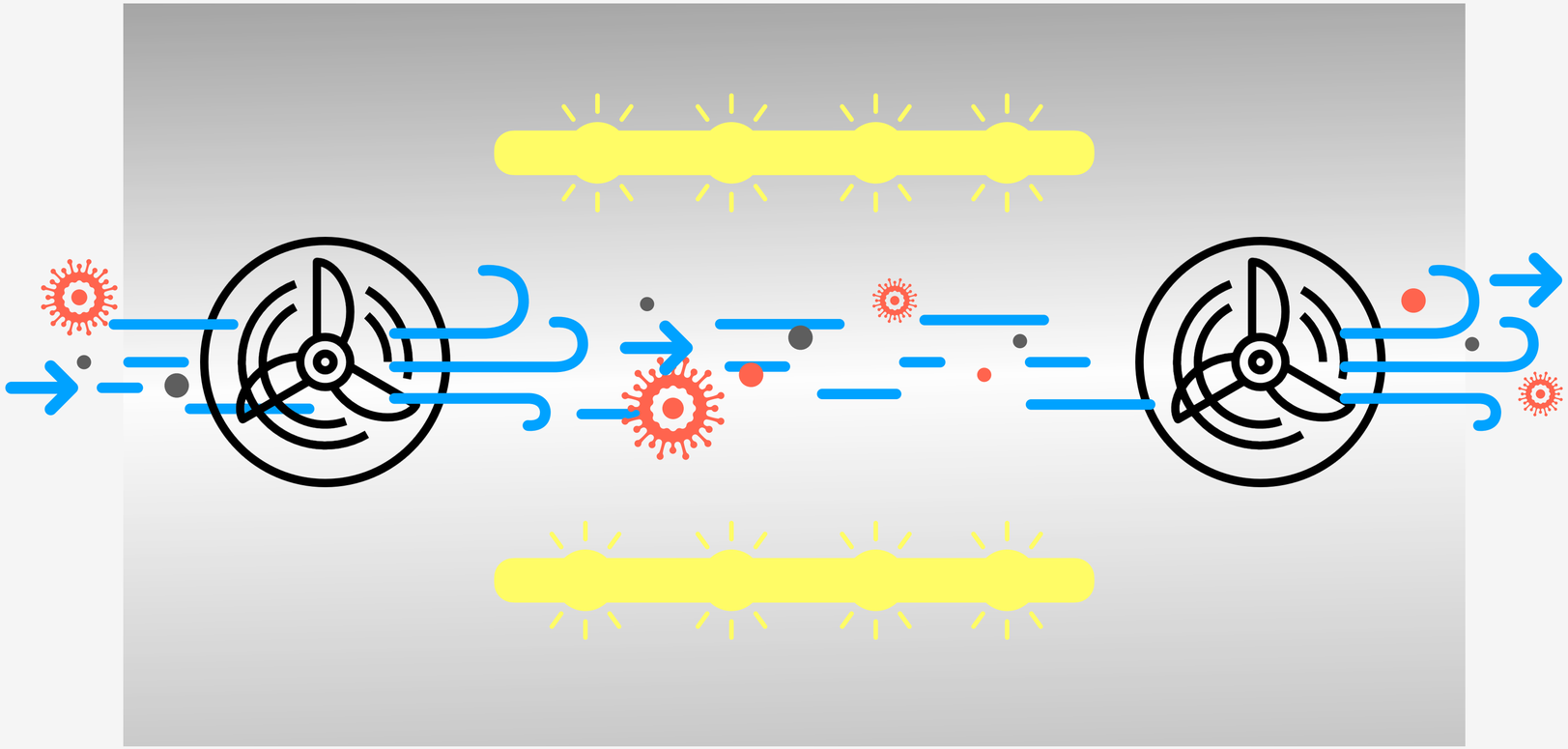
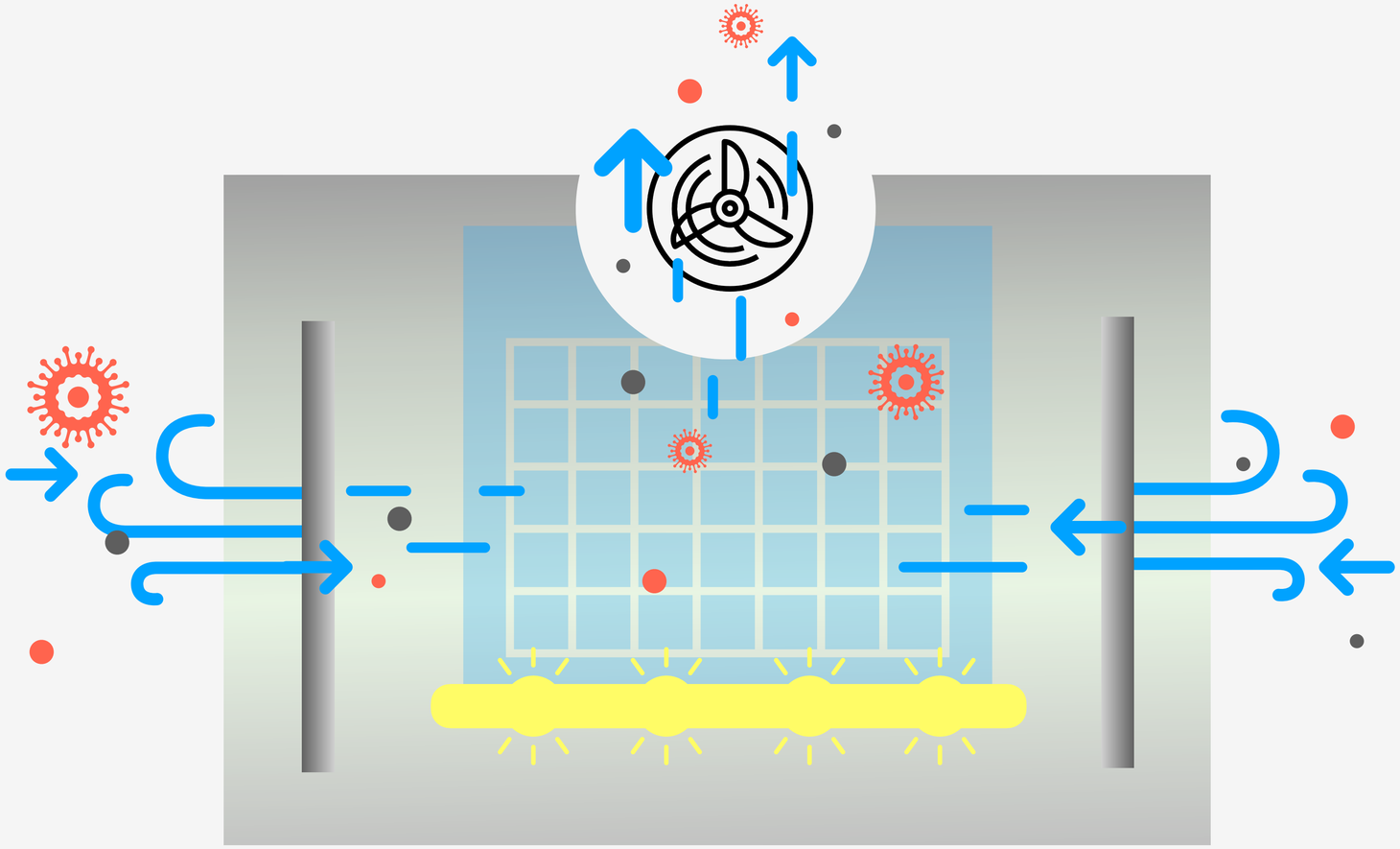
UV-C lamps



Air is led through a tube with UV-C lamps.

- No proven performance against viruses or bacteria in the air, only on surfaces
- Contributes to the distribution of pollutants
- UV-C generally produces ozone (health risk)
- Lifespan of max. 10.000h

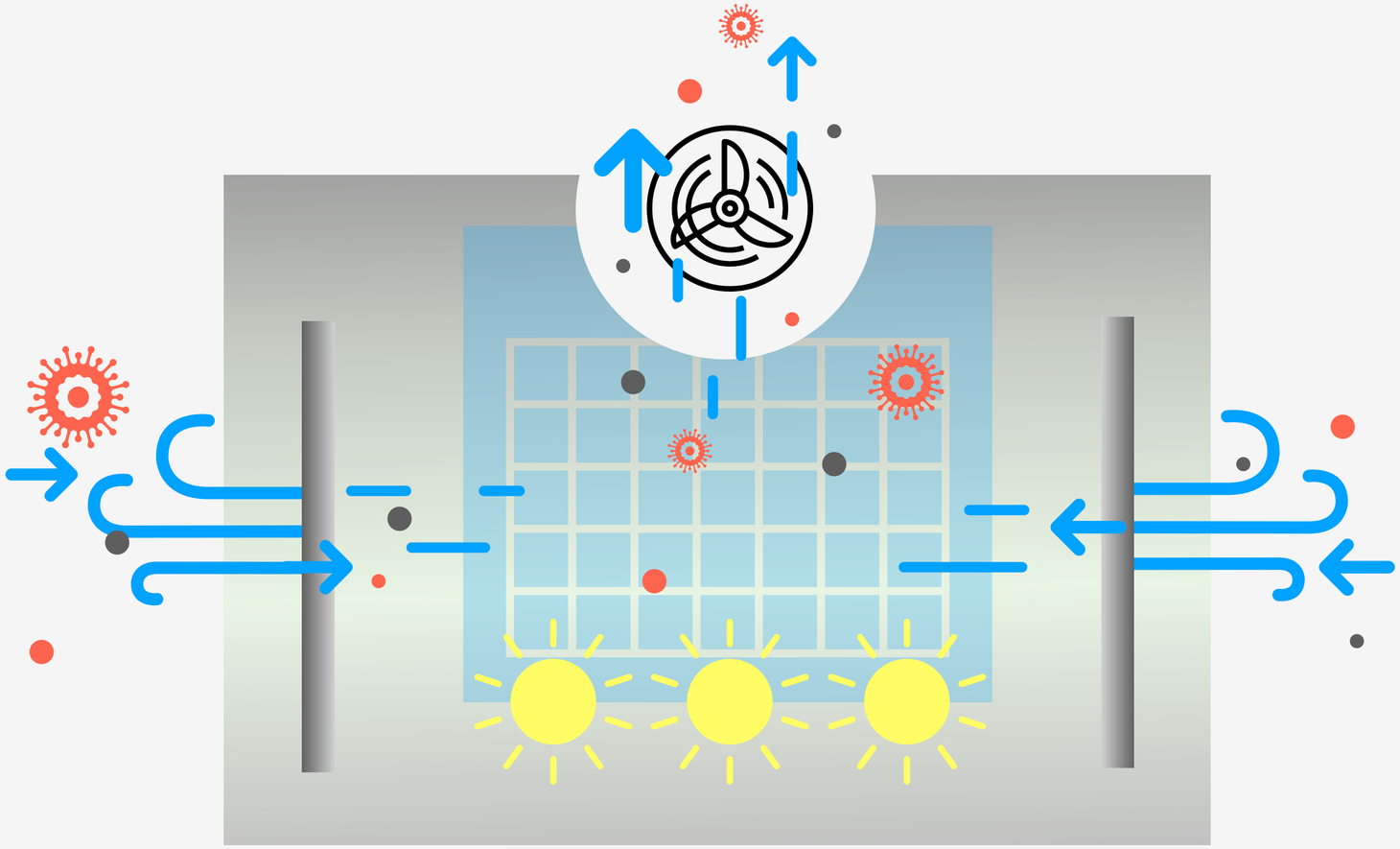
UV-A lamps + Titanium Dioxide coating (Photocatalysis)



Air is passed through the device in a controlled way. Photocatalys takes place on the titanium dioxide surface so that the air that comes into contact with it is disinfected.

- Theory confirmed
- The wavelength generated by UV lamps is not consistent and may vary, with a negative impact on the photocatalytic process.
- Titanium dioxide only as coating on base plate (only 1-3g of TiO2, depending on the manufacturer)
- Titanium dioxide is damaged by UV lamps, microparticles are released (health rlsk)
- Lifespan of max. 10.000h

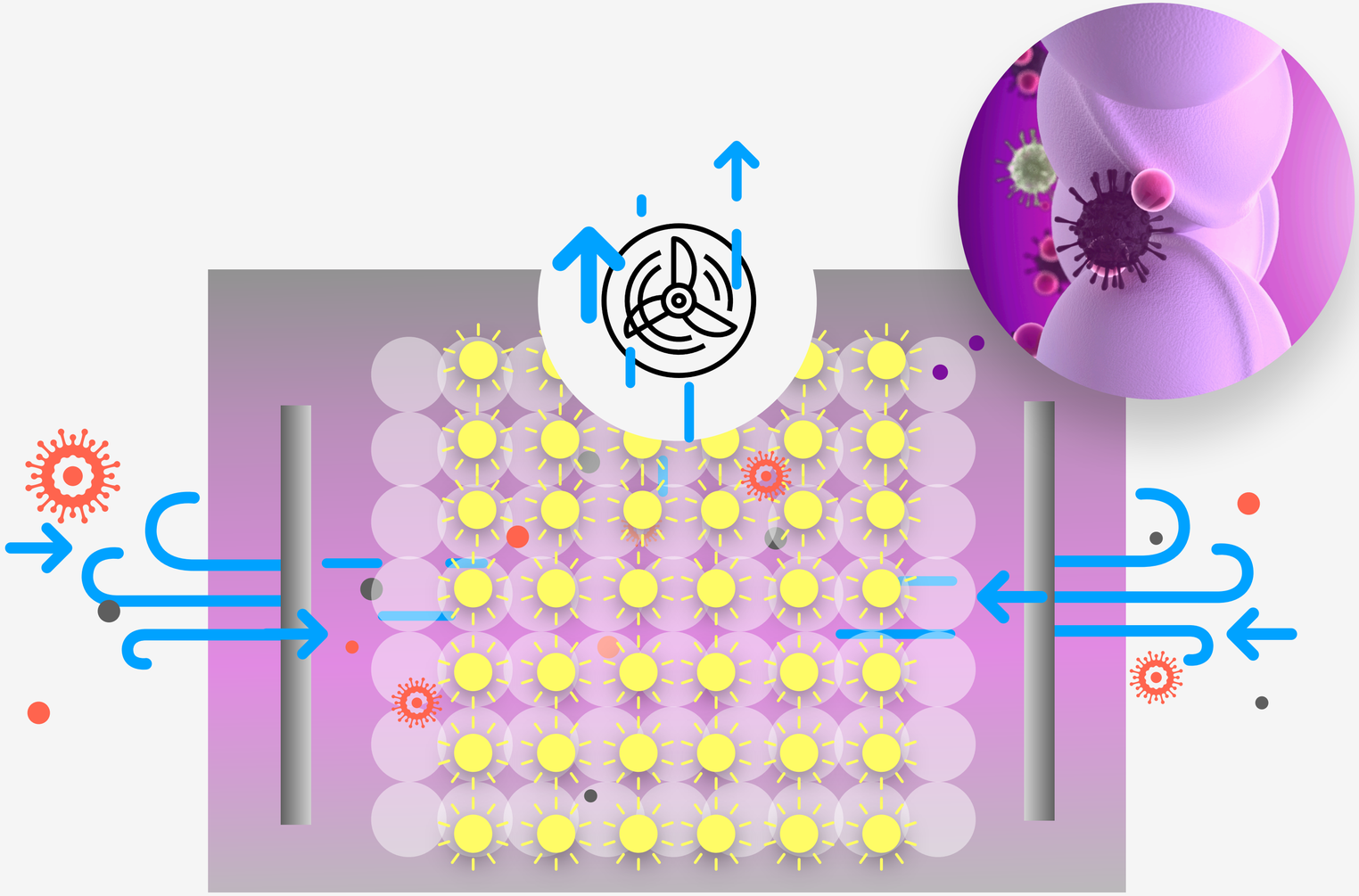
UV-C lamps + Titanium Dioxide coating (Photocatalysis)



Air is passed through the device in a controlled way. Photocatalysis takes place on the titanium dioxide surface so that the air that comes into contact with it is disinfected.

- Theory confirmed
- UV-C wavelength range not optimal for photocatalysis
- Due to the broad light spectrum, UV-C lights damage titanium dioxide faster
- Harmful by-products (ozone)
- Lifespan of max. 10.000h

UV-A LED + Titanium Dioxide in solid form (Photocatalysis)



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Air flows through the grid in a controlled way to increase exposure time. Titanium dioxide solid material maximizes the reaction surface due to its spherical shape.

- Proven in theory and in practice
- 100 LEDs consistently generate the UV-A wavelength of 385nm, reducing material wear and optimizing the photocatalysis process for best results
- Titanium dioxide solid material for long-lasting performance
- No emission of harmful byproducts such as microparticles, formaldehyde or ozone
- Lifespan of min. 50.000h